

(Concrete suppliers normally require a minimum order which usually is in excess of the 1/3 cubic yard that is needed for one 4" thick, 5' x 5' sidewalk block). Approximately 17-80# bags will be needed for one 4" thick, 5' x 5' block. Carefully follow the directions on the package. The pour must be made in one course. Finishing and curbing should be done as described above under "Hiring a Contractor."

Re-Inspection

Repairs must be re-inspected once complete. Please call 234-0271 to schedule an inspection.

TREE AND SIDEWALK CONFLICTS

The natural, vigorous growth of healthy street trees occasionally will cause damage to sidewalks due to expanding roots. Several options are available to minimize the reoccurrence of this situation. Each of the options listed below must be approved by the Assistant Township Engineer prior to construction.

Reduce Sidewalk Width

The sidewalk block may be reduced to a width of 4' around an existing tree. If this option is selected, consideration should be given to the installation of root barriers as described below.

Construct Sidewalk Around Tree onto Private Property

If there are multiple sidewalk blocks to be replaced due to tree root damage, a bypass walk may be constructed back onto private property. Place concrete on a sub-base of 6" of gravel (2RC stone), which will deter root growth and provide drainage.

Root Removal/Root Barriers

One solution is to remove roots up to 2" in diameter for a depth of 6" to 8" below the sidewalk and install a root barrier. A 12" deep root barrier will be furnished to the property owner by the Township upon request. New concrete should be placed on 6" of gravel (2RC stone) to deter future root growth.

Temporary Measures

The use of brick, asphalt, or quartered concrete squares may be used as a temporary measure, when approved by the Assistant Township Engineer. The temporary measure may only be used until the time the tree is removed. Upon the removal of the tree, the property owner will be expected to replace the temporary material with concrete, as noted in the above guidelines.

Patton Township

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PATTON



TOWNSHIP

PUBLIC SIDEWALK

Repair and Construction

CRITERIA

Tripping Hazards

Repair or replacement of a sidewalk block is necessary when a tripping hazard exists. Tripping hazards exist when a sidewalk block, or a portion of it, has risen or sunk 1" higher or lower than an adjacent sidewalk block. A tripping hazard also exists when a crack or joint separates more than 1", or when the edges of a crack are chipped or broken to create a 1" or greater opening. Blocks damaged by tree roots may need special attention and methods of repair are listed herein. A sidewalk square must also be repaired or replaced when the surface has chipped or crumbled to allow exposed aggregates, creating excessive peaks and valleys of more than 1/2".

SUGGESTED REPAIR METHODS

Patching

Repairs may be made using a half-and-half mixture of Portland cement and sand, or with a commercial two-part epoxy-type concrete patch material. The minimum thickness for a patch is 1". Thicknesses less than 1" generally do not bond well.

Prior to patching, the deteriorated material should be removed to expose sound concrete. The surface should be prepared with a bonding material or epoxy as prescribed by the patch material manufacturer.

Grinding

The edge of a raised block may be "shaved" off by using a concrete grinder, as long as the height of the raised portion is no more than 1-1/2". After grinding, the area should be smooth in texture and level with the adjacent block. Chipping or chiseling of the raised portion is not acceptable.

Placing a wedge of patch material over a portion of a square is not acceptable because wedges will not adhere properly nor will they withstand frost movement.

Re-Inspection

Repairs must be re-inspected once complete. Please call 234-0271 to schedule an inspection.

Sidewalk Replacement

If the deterioration of the sidewalk block is severe, it may be in your best interest to replace the entire block. Please follow the guidelines listed below for new concrete sidewalk construction.

Hiring a Contractor

Contractor names can be found in the Yellow Pages of the telephone book under "Concrete Contractors." The contractor should remove and dispose of the old block. Specify to the Contractor that the concrete is

to be Class A, 3300 PSI concrete, and reinforced with fibrillated fibermesh MD fibers (1-1/2 pounds per cubic yard). The block must be at least 4 inches thick placed on top of a 4-inch stone base. The sidewalk shall also be constructed to provide a 1/8-inch perfect cross slope to direct runoff toward the street. Surface edges shall have a 1/4" radius. The finished surface should be slip resistant by coarse-brooming in a direction perpendicular to the street. Joints should be placed no greater than 6 feet apart and the width of the sidewalk block shall be at least 5 feet, unless an exception has been granted by the Assistant Township Engineer. A curing compound should be placed on the new concrete after brooming the finish. When having two or more blocks poured continuously, the contractor should create a saw cut at least 6 feet apart and to a depth of 2".

Do It Yourself

Property owners may complete the work themselves by following the same guidelines listed for contractors.

The property owner may use 80# bags of pre-packaged concrete mix in lieu of ordering from a concrete supplier.